

MOTOR WITH ROTATION DETECTING DEVICE

Background of the Invention

Technical Field

Field of the Invention
0001 The present invention relates to the technical field of a motor with a rotation

detecting device, which is used for electrical equipment mounted on a vehicle or the like.

2- Description of Related Art

~~Background Art~~

[0002] Generally, in this kind of ^{type of motor} motors, there is ~~a motor with~~ a rotation detecting

device which detects the rotational amount of a rotary shaft of the motor for detecting the movement amount or the position of a movable member (actuator) acting on the basis of the driving of the motor. As such a motor, motors which are shown in JP-A-11-215773 and

driving of the motor. As such a motor, motors which are shown in JP-A-11-215773 and JP-A-11-215774 are proposed. In the case of these motors, as shown in Fig. 10 (A), an

opening 22a is formed in the peripheral surface of the cylindrical part of a casing 22 where a reduction worm wheel and a rotary shaft worm forming part of the motor are contained. The

structure is made such that a rotation detecting device 24 is provided on the inside surface of a sensing unit 23 which is formed to close the above described opening 22a, and the water

proof of the rotation detecting device 24 or other members which are arranged in the interior of the casing 22 is achieved by putting a seal member between the peripheral part of the casing opening 22a and the sensing unit 23 to close the opening 22a.

[0003] However, with such a structure as the above described conventional one, the sensing unit 23 in which the rotation detecting device 24 is provided is ^{inserted} put from the outside

to the opening 22a formed in the peripheral part of the casing 22, and this one is integrated by
fixing means using a screw 25. Therefore, not only the screwing work becomes necessary

~~specialy to make~~ ^{making} the work troublesome but also ~~such~~ ^{incurs} a risk that the screw 25 is loosened by
 an external force ~~since~~ ^{as} the fixing screw 25 is exposed to the outside of the motor is supposed

~~and~~ ^{the} additionally, ~~such a~~ problem that the above described water proof structure must be provided at the boundary part between the casing 22 and the sensing unit 23 ^{created} is ~~left~~.

[0004] On the other hand, when providing a rotation detecting device, the electrical connection for feeding electricity to the rotation detecting device is necessary. In the case of the conventional one as shown in Fig. 10 (B), a lead wire 24a is pulled out of the rotation detecting device 24 and is integrated with a lead wire 26 which is separately pulled out for feeding a brush ~~and an extension harness 27 is formed~~. At the end part of the extension harness 27, a connecting male coupler 28 is provided, and to the male coupler 28, a female coupler which is pulled out ~~the external power source on the vehicle body side or the like is~~ connected. However, each extension harness 27 is required to have a different length depending on the position where the motor is provided. Therefore, it is necessary to prepare

motors in which extension harnesses 27 of various kinds of specifications are provided.

Additionally, there are such problems that the number of products becomes large to make ^{making} the quality control troublesome, and ^{causing} that a high cost ~~is caused.~~

[0005] Furthermore, in the case where such a motor is attached to the door of a vehicle or the like, horizontally mirror image casings 22 may be prepared, but the shape of the opening 22a formed in each casing 22 is not horizontally symmetrical. Therefore, there is ~~such~~ a problem that a sensing unit 23 with a shape corresponding to each of these openings 22a must be prepared ~~respectively~~, which makes it difficult to use a common part. The problems to be solved by the ~~present~~ invention exist in these points.

Disclosure of the Invention

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] The present invention is created in view of the situation, having an object of solving ~~these~~ ^{the} problems, and it is a motor comprising a rotary shaft; a casing with a ~~bottomed~~ ^{bottomed} cylindrical part which rotatably contains the rotary shaft; and a rotation detecting device which detects the rotation of the rotary shaft, ~~characterized in that~~ ^{wherein} the rotation detecting device is supported by a sensor holder, and the sensor holder is disposed in the casing by the incorporation (installation) from the incorporating direction to the cylindrical part of the rotary shaft.

~~[0007]~~ Then, by doing this, the sensor holder is arranged to be housed in the casing, and it becomes unnecessary to provide a waterproof structure.

[0008] In this motor, it is possible that a holder receiving part is formed on the inner peripheral surface of the cylindrical part of the casing of the ~~present~~ invention, and that a sensor holder is incorporated in the holder receiving part in a state of temporary holding, and the fixing means for the sensor holder such as screwing becomes unnecessary.

[0009] Furthermore, in this motor, the sensor holder of the ~~present~~ invention can be a holder, where a sensor support part in which the rotation detecting device is incorporated and a terminal support part in which a connecting terminal thereof is incorporated are formed, and a connecting opening part for seeing the terminal support part from the outside is formed in the ^{outer} peripheral surface of the cylindrical part of the casing.

[0010] Furthermore, in this motor, it is possible that, on the opening side of the cylindrical part of the casing of the ~~present~~ invention, a brush unit in which a brush is incorporated is fixed, and that the sensor holder in the casing is positioned and supported by the casing on the basis of the fixing to the casing of the brush unit. → outside

[0011] Furthermore, in this motor, the ~~construction~~^{structure} can be made such that the brush connecting terminal incorporated in the brush unit of the ~~present~~^{extended} invention is extended long to

→ onto the terminal support
at the brush
ends so as
ended long to
of the
sensor
holder

no members paragraphs thereafter

be supported by the terminal support part of the sensor holder, and to be seen from the connecting opening part of the casing.

[0012] Furthermore, in this motor, the connecting opening part of the casing of the ~~present~~ invention can be a part where at least one projecting piece part which projects toward the outside diameter side is formed.

[0013] Furthermore, in this motor, an external pull-out terminal unit which is electrically connected to each of the connecting terminals of the rotation detecting device and the brush can be incorporated in the connecting opening part of the ~~present~~ invention, from the outside diameter side of the cylindrical part.

[0014] Furthermore, in this motor, the ~~construction~~ ^{structure} can be made such that the terminal of the terminal support part of the ~~present~~ invention is supported in the state of projecting in the outside diameter direction of the cylindrical part and, on the other hand, a support piece part ~~on the channel back side~~ ^{on the bottom side of the cylindrical part} which supports the terminal support part of the sensor holder is formed to the holder receiving part, and the incorporation load at the time of incorporating the external pull-out terminal unit to the terminal support part is received by the support piece part through the terminal support part, ~~and it is avoided for the incorporation load to act on the sensor holder to deform the sensor holder,~~ ^{thus, is avoided} and the accuracy of the rotation detection can be raised.

[0015] Furthermore, in this motor, the ~~construction~~ ^{structure} can be made such that to the external pull-out terminal unit of the ~~present~~ invention, at least one engaging claw is formed on the incorporation tip side, and the engaging claw is engaged with the step-like engagement receiving part which is formed to the connecting opening part, when the external pull-out terminal unit is incorporated in the connecting opening part. By doing this, it becomes possible to set an engagement receiving part with which the engaging claw is engaged, without providing an opening which leads to the periphery of the projecting piece part, and the external pull-out terminal unit can be attached to the connecting opening part in a sealing state ~~and a water proof structure can be provided,~~ ^{so that is} and the workability can be improved.

[0016] Furthermore, in this motor, the engagement receiving part of the ~~present~~ invention is formed integrally when the cylindrical part is molded.

Brief Description of the Drawings

[0017] Fig. 1 is a partially cross sectional front view of a motor;

Fig. 2 is a partially cross sectional side view of the state where the motor part of the motor is removed;

Figs. 3 (A) and 3(B) are a front view and a plan view of a casing, respectively;

The invention will be described with reference to the drawings, in which:

Fig. 4 is a side view of the casing;

Figs. 5 (A), 5 (B), 5 (C), and 5 (D) are a plan view, a front view, and a side view of a sensor holder, and a plan view of the state where a base plate is attached, respectively;

6 6 Figs. 6 (A), 6 (B), and 6 (C) are a side view and a plan view of a brush unit, and the ~~X-X~~ cross sectional view of Fig. 6 (A), respectively;

Figs. 7 (A), 7 (B), 7 (C), and 7 (D) are a plan view, a partial ~~cross sectional~~ front view, a bottom view, and a partial ~~cross sectional~~ side view of a terminal unit, respectively;

Fig. 8 is a front cross sectional view ^{showing} explaining the state where a sensor holder, a brush unit, and a terminal unit are incorporated in the casing;

Fig. 9 is a partially enlarged front cross sectional ^{view} explaining the ~~relation of~~ incorporation of a sensor holder, a brush unit, and a terminal unit; and

Figs. 10 (A) and 10 (B) are a side cross sectional view and a partial front view explaining the rotation detecting device in ^a the conventional ^{motor} embodiment, respectively.

~~Best Mode for Carrying out the Invention~~

Description of Preferred Embodiment

[0018] The embodiments ^(B) of the ~~present~~ invention will be described on the basis of the drawings of Fig. 1 to Fig. 9.

[0019] In the drawings, reference numeral 1 denotes a motor (motor device) with a reduction mechanism and a rotation detecting mechanism. One end part of a motor shaft (rotary shaft) 4 is rotatably supported by a bearing unit including a thrust bearing 4f pressed into the motor shaft 4 and a radial metal bearing 4g pressed into the motor yoke 3 in a motor yoke 3, shaped like a cylinder, with a bottom which composes a motor part 2 of the motor 1. An armature core 4a ^{of the motor part 2} which is positioned at one end side and rotates integrally with the motor shaft 4 and a commutator 5 ^{of the motor part 2} which is positioned at the other end side and rotates integrally with the motor shaft 4, are attached to the motor shaft 4 in the motor yoke 3. Reference numeral 3a denotes a pair of permanent magnets which are fixed to the inside peripheral surface of the motor yoke 3.

[0020] Reference numeral 6 denotes a casing in which the reduction mechanism of the motor 1 is contained, and the casing 6 is formed by molding a resin material, ^{and} ~~The casing 6~~ is provided integrally with a case body 7 ^{and a gear case 9. The case body 7} which is formed with a cylindrical part to rotatably ^{Support} ~~pivot~~ the other end part of the motor shaft 4 projecting from the motor yoke 3 and where ^{in the cylindrical part of the case body 7. The} approximately half of the motor shaft 4 is contained, and a gear case body 9 ^{that} ~~which~~ is arranged at one side of the case body (corresponding to the casing of the ~~present~~ invention) 7 and where the reduction mechanism members such as a worm wheel 8 ^{to be} ~~to be~~ meshed with a worm 4b formed on the ~~other end side of the~~ motor shaft 4, large and small gears (not shown

and the case body 7 and the gear case body 9 are formed
5 to be the casing 6

in the figure), and an output shaft (actuator driving output shaft, not shown in the figure) are contained, in the state of being connected at the meshing part of the worm 4b and worm wheel 8.

^{yoke 3}
[0021] The case body 7 ^{receives} is formed like a rectangular tube with a bottom, and the ^{away from the motor} other end part of the motor shaft 4 is rotatably ^{supported} pivoted by a bearing unit including a thrust bearing 4c, a damper 4d, and a radial metal bearing 4e at the tube bottom part 7a, on the other

^{supported} end side. The horizontally approximately central part of the motor shaft 4 is rotatably pivoted by a radial metal bearing 4h which is pressed into the opening part 7b side of the case body 7. Consequently, the motor shaft 4 is set so that three positions ^{along its axis} in all in the horizontal

direction are supported by the motor yoke 3 or the case body 7. One end side of the case

body 7 ^{into} from which the motor shaft 4 is ^{inserted is} incorporated becomes a motor shaft incorporation opening part (hereafter, referred to as an opening part) 7b. In the inside tube surface on the

opening part 7b side, the holder receiving part 10 of the present invention is buried on the ^{cylindrical bottom side (toward the left side in Figs. 1 and 8) of the case body 7} channel back side to divide that and the cylinder hole at the penetrating part of the motor shaft 4.

[0022] ~~Here,~~ the following description will be given on the basis of the vertical and horizontal directional properties ^{as shown in} based on Fig. 2 and Fig. 4 in order to make the description understandable, but of course, the present invention is not limited to these directional properties. ^{as the motor 1 may be oriented at any angle}

[0023] The holder receiving part 10 is formed to be a long space on the ^{cylindrical bottom} back side, surrounded by a circular-arc-like piece part 10a (corresponding to the support piece part of the present invention) which is positioned over the penetrating part of the motor

shaft 4 of the case body 7 and where the under surface is formed like a circular arc to adjacently face to the motor shaft 4; a pair of lower piece parts 10b ^{the motor shaft passing therebetween} which lead to the left and right sides ^(as shown in Fig. 4) 7c of the case body 7 from both left and right end edge parts of the

circular-arc-like piece part 10a; a pair of upper piece parts 10c which is formed at the ^{pos side} upside with a specified clearance ^{from} to the lower piece parts 10b; and left and right piece parts 10d ^{between} which connect the upper and lower piece parts 10c, 10b and are formed on left and right sides

7c of the case body 7. Between the upper piece parts 10c of the holder receiving part 10, a pair of through holes 10e are formed, which are shaped like Π , ^{i.e., shaped as grooves.} Moreover, the circular-arc-like piece part 10a ~~the channel this side part of the holder receiving part 10 is cut~~

^{communicating} off, and on this side of the case body opening part 7b, a ^{connecting part H} where the holder receiving part 10 and the cylinder hole are communicated, each other is formed. Here, the circular-arc-like piece part 10a of the ^{invention} present embodiment is formed following the upper part

at the position of the holder receiving part 10 which is positioned on the opening side of the cylindrical part of the case body 7

of the bearing part where the radial metal bearing 4h for ^{supporting} pivoting the motor shaft 4 is inserted. Then, the ~~connecting~~ ^{communicating} part H is set to face to the fixing part of a sensor magnet 11 of the motor shaft 4 which is incorporated in the case body 7. ~~By the way,~~ the sensor magnet 11 is a ring-like magnet where the N-pole and S-pole are polarized by turns in the rotational direction, and is set to rotate integrally with the motor shaft 4.

[0024] On the upper surface of the ^{each} lower piece part 10b of the holder receiving part 10, a rib 10f is formed, which projects toward the upside (inside of the holder receiving part 10). Moreover, on the ~~channel back side of the holder receiving part 10~~ ^{cylindrical bottom side of the case body}, a butting surface part 10g is formed ~~in the state of projecting upward from the upper surface of the~~ ^{that is} circular-arc-like piece part 10a.

[0025] Furthermore, at the upper surface part 7d (the other side of the case body 7, corresponding to the side on the opposite side of the gear case body 9 ^{forming part}) in the peripheral surface of the cylindrical part of the case body 7, a connecting opening part O ^{and 3} to be the connecting part to the external power source is formed, which is described later. This connecting opening part O is open at the upside ^{on the channel back side of the holder receiving part 10, that is, the position where the circular-arc-like piece part 10a can be seen} and is formed by cutting off the upper piece part 10c of the holder receiving part 10. Consequently, the outside of the case body 7 and the holder receiving part 10 in the case body ~~are~~ ^{with} communicated each other via the connecting opening part O. Moreover, the connecting opening part O is open approximately like a quadrangle, and a rectangular-tube-like projecting piece part (corresponding to the male coupler outer frame, which is described later) 7e is integrally formed from the opening edge part ^{extending upwardly (Fig. 2)} toward the upside.

[0026] Reference numeral 12 denotes a sensor holder which is integrally molded from a resin material to be fitted to the holder receiving part 10, ~~and in the sensor holder 12,~~ ^{opening side of the cylindrical part} one half part which is positioned on the ~~channel this side~~ ^{part} in the state of being incorporated in the holder receiving part 10 composes the concave-channel-like sensor support part 12a. The sensor support part 12a is shaped so that both left and right side parts are fitted to the space which is surrounded by the upper and lower piece parts 10c, 10b and left and right piece parts 10d of the holder receiving part 10, and at the horizontally central part of the bottom surface (under surface) composing a concave channel, a circular-arc-like concave part 12b is ^{formed} concavely provided to go around the sensor magnet 11 of the motor shaft 4. Moreover, ^{are} the sensor support part 12a ^{position above and below the base plate 13} fixing claws 12c ^{are formed}, which hold the base plate 13 between them from the upward and downward, so that the base plate 13 is supported in the state of having a specified clearance between that and the circular-arc-like concave part 12b.

Then, at the under surface of the base plate 13, that is, at the surface facing to the circular-arc-like concave part 12b side of the base plate 13, one pair of hall devices 14, which correspond to the rotation detecting device of the present invention and detect the rotation of the sensor magnet 11 are provided in the state of standing horizontally in a line.

[0027] On the other hand, the other half part positioned on the channel back side of the sensor holder 12 composes the terminal support part 12d where two pairs of sensor terminals 14a for feeding electricity to the hall devices 14 are insert-molded. The terminal support part 12d includes a wider part 12e which has a horizontal width similar to that of the sensor support part 12a and a narrower part 12f which is formed on the channel back side and has a width narrower than that of the wider part 12e, and the under surface of the narrower part 12f and the under surface of the horizontally central part of the wider part 12e are formed between them and the sensor support part 12a via a step part 12g to be positioned higher than the surface of the circular-arc-like concave part 12b of the sensor support part 12a. Moreover, the upper surfaces of the narrower part 12f and the horizontally central part of the wider part 12e following this are formed to be positioned higher than the upper surface of the sensor support part 12a, and from the upper surface of this narrower part 12f, the external connecting side end parts 14b, that are one end parts of the one pair of (four in all) sensor terminals (hall device terminals) 14a, are provided projecting upward and forming a double line at specified intervals. Furthermore, to the higher-positioned upper surface of the wider part 12e, one pair of terminal receiving parts 12j are formed like a notch to be positioned horizontally equal to the arranging position of the sensor terminal 14a, and it is set that the bent part 17c of the brush terminal 17b, which is described later, is disposed to the terminal receiving part 12j in the butting state. Furthermore, to the upper surfaces of both the left and right end parts of the wider part 12e, ribs 12h which project upward are formed. By the way, the channel back side end part of the base plate 13 which is disposed to the sensor support part 12a is extended on the terminal support part 12d side at both the left and right end parts, where a connecting hole 13a is formed, and it is set that the other end part 14c of each sensor terminal 14a is inserted and soldered to the connecting hole 13a, so that each sensor terminal 14a and hall device 14 are connected.

[0029] Furthermore, both the left and right side parts of the sensor holder wider part 12e are formed to have shapes following both the left and right side parts of the sensor support part 12a, and at the side part thereof, a guide convex part 12i is formed. On the other hand, at the left and right piece parts 10d of the holder receiving part 10, a guide concave part 10h which is concavely provided on the outside diameter side is formed,

respectively, and ~~it is set that~~ the guide convex part 12i is engaged with the guide concave part 10h to perform the positioning and the movement guide of the sensor holder 12. That is, the sensor holder 12 is set to be incorporated in the following steps: the external connecting side end part 14b of the upward projecting sensor terminal 14a is inserted into the through hole 10e, and the guide convex part 12i of the terminal support part wider part 12e is put on ~~in the attitude of being engaged~~ with the guide concave part 10h of the case body opening part 7b) ^{to perform} and the positioning is performed, and in this state, by being pushed in the shaft length direction of the motor shaft 4, similarly to the incorporation of the motor shaft 4, the sensor holder 12 is guided by the guide concave part 10h (keeping the attitude) and is incorporated ^{into} in the state of sliding to the channel back side of the holder receiving part 10. Then, it is set that the sensor holder 12 is incorporated in a specified incorporation position of the holder receiving part 10, by taking the state where the step part 12g between the terminal support part 12d and the sensor support part 12a is butted against the opening side end surface of the circular-arc-like piece part 10a. In this incorporation process, both the left and right end parts of the wider part 12e of the terminal support part 12d are arranged to be incorporated in ~~the state of being~~ lightly pressed into the holder receiving part 10, by means of the rib 10f projecting at the lower piece part 10b of the holder receiving part 10 and the rib 12h projecting at the upper surface of the wider part 12e of the sensor holder 12, and consequently, it is set that the sensor holder 12 is incorporated in the incorporation position in the state of temporary holding.

[0030] Then, by being positioned at the incorporating position, the terminal support part 12d of the sensor holder 12 is positioned at the upper side of the circular-arc-like piece part 10a of the holder receiving part, that is, the upper side in the incorporating direction of ^{with a} the terminal unit 19 ^{in this position} to come into contact, and it is set to be positioned right under the connecting opening part O which is open in the case body 7, and on the other hand, the sensor support part 12a is set to face to the ^{communication} connecting part H, which is formed by cutting off the circular-arc-like piece part 10a of the holder receiving part. Consequently, the hall devices 14 of the sensor support part 12a are adjacently facing to the sensor magnet 11 of the motor shaft 4 in the state of having the circular-arc-like concave part 12b of the sensor holder between them and the sensor magnet 11 of the motor shaft 4. ^{ed} Then the hall device 14 can detect the rotational state of the sensor magnet 11. (Figs. 6(A)-6(E))

[0031] Furthermore, reference numeral 15 denotes a brush unit which is incorporated in the case body 7 after incorporating the sensor holder 12. In the brush unit 15, ^{each having} a pair of base end parts of a plate spring 17a where a brush 17 is arranged at the tip, ^{the} are

brush and parts are

fixed on one side of a disk-like brush stay 16 ^{having} where a through hole 16a for the penetration of the motor shaft 4 ^{is open}. The brush unit 15 is fixed by screwing the attaching part 16b, formed on the outside diameter part of the brush stay 16, to the end surface of the opening part 7b of the case body 7, ^{to be} and it is set ^{as this} that in the fixed state, the brush 17 ^{is then} comes into sliding contact with the commutator 5 of the motor shaft 4 in the state of elastically pressing. ^{State}

[0032] A pair of brush terminals 17b, which feed electricity to the brush 17 and ^{one is} are formed integrally with the plate spring 17a are provided on the brush stay 16. These brush terminals 17b ^{each} are extended ^{toward cylindrical bottom} along the channel back side of the case body 7 ^{when} in the state ^{each} where the brush unit 15 is incorporated in the case body 7, and the bent part 17c ^{of the} to be the external connecting end part is set to come into contact with one pair of notch-like terminal receiving parts 12j of the sensor holder 12 positioned at the previously set incorporating position in the butting state. ^{thus, when mounted} It is set that by taking the state, the brush stay attaching part 16b is butted against the end surface of the case body opening part 7b, and the normal incorporation can be performed. Therefore, in the case where the step part 12g of the sensor holder 12 is incorporated in the state of not butting against the opening side end surface of the holder receiving part circular-arc-like piece part 10a (in the state where the sensor holder 12 is not positioned at the specified incorporation position, and is positioned on the channel ^{of the cylindrical bottom side} this side of the holder receiving part 10), it is set that the brush stay attaching part 16b and the end surface of the case body opening part 7b cannot come into contact with each other, even if the brush terminal bent part 17c comes into contact with the sensor holder notch part 12g. Consequently, the incorporation state of the sensor holder 12 can be confirmed by the incorporation state of the brush unit 15. And at this moment by further ^{more} pushing in the brush unit 15 to make the brush stay attaching part 16b come into contact with the end surface of the case body opening part 7b, the positioning of the sensor holder 12 can be performed through the brush terminal bent part 17c.

[0033] In the state where the sensor holder 12 and the brush unit 15 are incorporated in the case body 7, ^{like this, it is set that} from the connecting opening part O of the case body 7, the sensor terminal external connecting part 14b, which projects from the sensor holder terminal support part 12d and the brush terminal bent part 17c can be seen. ^{(Figs. 7(A)-7(D))} On the other hand, a terminal unit (male coupler terminal part) 19 ^(Fig. 1) connects the sensor terminal external connecting part 14b and brush terminal bent part 17c to the coupler (female coupler) 18 on the external power source side and is attached to the connecting opening part O. The terminal unit 19 is set to compose the male coupler by being inserted from the ^{as shown in Fig. 1,} upside (from the outside) into the rectangular-tube-like projecting piece part 7e formed ⁱⁿ in the

The terminal unit 19 comprises connecting opening part O. And it is constructed by comprising; a terminal holder 20, which is formed approximately like a rectangular pillar shape to be inserted into the projecting piece part (male coupler outer frame) 7e in the slip-off-stopping state, and six middle terminals 21 in all which are incorporated in a double line to be positioned at the part facing to the sensor terminal external connecting part 14b and the brush terminal bent part 17c ^{that can be} to be seen from the connecting opening part O. Furthermore, engaging claws 20a are formed on one pair of left and right incorporating tip sides which face to each other of the terminal holder 20 and are set to be engaged with the step-like engagement receiving part 7f formed in the connecting opening part O when the terminal unit 19 is incorporated in the connecting opening part O, so that the terminal unit 19 is surely fixed to the connecting opening part O. By the way, the engagement receiving part 7f is arranged to be integrally formed by being drawn from the incorporating direction of the brush unit 15 when molding the cylindrical part of the case body 7.

[0034] Then, by inserting the terminal unit 19 into the connecting opening part O, the lower end part 21a of each middle terminal 21, ^{and an associated one of} the sensor terminal external connecting part 14b and the brush terminal bent part 17c are electrically connected. Consequently, the terminal unit 19 can be incorporated in the connecting part where the sensor terminal 14a and the brush terminal 17b are ^{joined} put together. By connecting the female coupler 18 on the vehicle body side to the male coupler which includes the terminal unit 19 and the projecting piece part 7e, the electrical connection can simultaneously be performed to both the hall device 14 and the brush 17. Furthermore, it is arranged that when the terminal unit 19 is incorporated up to the specified position, the concave step 20b formed on the peripheral surface of the terminal holder 20 comes into contact with the convex step 7g formed to the inner peripheral surface of the projecting piece part 7e to regulate any ^{further} more incorporation to the back side.

[0035] Here, the terminal unit 19 composes the male coupler in cooperation with the projecting piece part 7e. At the time of connection with the conventional type vehicle body side female coupler 18, which is arranged on the vehicle body side, the seal is ^{accomplished} performed at the same time as the connection of the fellow couplers by the water proof means which is separately arranged, and the intrusion of water into the connecting opening part O at the lower part of the terminal holder 20 is prevented. ^{Thus, a} and the special water proof structure ^{for} to the sensor holder terminal support part 12d ^{is} can be made unnecessary. Furthermore, it is set that the sensor terminal 14a, which ^{is} disposed in the sensor holder 12 ^{are} is insert-molded and it ^{has} has no looseness, but the brush terminal 17b which ^{are} is disposed in the brush unit 15 ^{are} is

^{such that} incorporated ~~and~~ a little looseness is allowable, and it is ~~considered to function~~ ^{as} a play when inserting and connecting the external power source coupler 18 to the terminal unit 19.

[0036] Furthermore, by incorporating the motor yoke 3, which pivots one end part of the motor shaft 4 ~~is incorporated~~ ^{are mounted} to the casing 6 in which the sensor holder 12, brush unit 15, and terminal unit 19, the incorporation of the motor 1 is completed. It should be noted that the motor yoke 3 is fixed by making the opening end part thereof butt against the attaching part outside diameter side of the brush unit 15 at the end surface of the case body opening part 7b and by ~~performing the screwing thereof~~ ^{to}.

[0037] In the case of the preferred embodiment of the ~~present~~ ^{structured} invention ~~constructed~~ as mentioned above, the rotation detection of the motor shaft 4 is performed by detecting the rotation of the sensor magnet 11 which rotates integrally with the motor shaft 4 by the hall device 14. Consequently, it ~~becomes~~ ^{is} possible to detect the movement amount or the position of the movable member which acts on the basis the output shaft practicing the output through the reduction mechanism. Then, in ~~the case of this one~~ ^{is}, the hall device 14 is incorporated in the sensor holder 12, and the sensor holder 12 is arranged in the inside of the case body 7, by being incorporated toward the tube bottom side (channel back side) from the opening part 7b, which is the incorporation direction of the motor shaft 4 to the holder receiving part 10 formed to the case body 7, and it ~~becomes unnecessary~~ ^{is} to plan a special water proof structure. Furthermore, in ~~the case of this one~~ ^{is}, the sensor holder 12 is incorporated in the state of being lightly pressed into the holder receiving part 10, and therefore, that can temporarily be held in the case body 7 by performing the incorporation work, and it is ~~eliminated to separately use~~ ^{unnecessary to} fixing means, ~~and~~ ^{as a result,} the attachment work can be simplified.

[0038] On the other hand, in the case of the incorporation to the connecting opening part O of the terminal unit 19, it is surely fixed by engaging the engaging claw 20, which is formed on the incorporating tip side of the terminal holder 20, with the step-like engagement receiving part 7f which is formed in the connecting opening part O, and the water proof structure can be provided only by engaging and attaching the engaging claw 20 to the engagement receiving part 7f, ~~and~~ ^{and} in the meantime, the incorporation workability can also be improved, which is different from the case in which an engaging hole is pierced on the case side and an engaging claw on the terminal unit side is engaged with the engaging hole as shown in the prior art.

[0039] Furthermore, the engagement receiving part 7f is set to be integrally formed by being drawn from the incorporating direction of the brush unit 15 when the cylindrical part of the case body 7 is molded, ^{thus} and the number of parts can be reduced.

[0040] Furthermore in this embodiment, the terminal support part 12d, which is formed to the sensor holder 12, faces to the connecting opening part O, which is formed in the tube peripheral surface of the case body 7, and the ^{Structure} construction is made such that the brush terminal bent part 17c of the brush unit 15 is also provided to the terminal support part 12d in addition to the sensor terminal external connecting part 14b, ~~and~~ therefore, it is possible to integrate the sensor terminal external connecting part 14b and the brush terminal bent part 17c by inserting the terminal unit 19 into the connecting opening part O, ^{Further,} and by connecting the coupler 18 on the external power source side to the terminal unit 19, the electrical connection can simultaneously be performed to both the hall device ¹⁴ and the brush ¹⁷. As a result of this, it becomes unnecessary to make such a ^{Structure} construction where the lead wires, each of which is separately pulled out, are collected into the extension harness like the conventional one using lead wires, and the number of parts can be reduced, ~~and~~ in terms of the cost, a low price can also be achieved, ^{makes it} and in addition, the automatic incorporation also becomes possible to achieve the improvement ⁱⁿ of the workability.

[0041] Furthermore, in this embodiment, even if the sensor holder 12 is incorporated in the state where it does not reach the channel depth previously set to the holder receiving part 10 and has a positional deviation, the brush terminal bent part 17c of the brush unit 15 acts to press the sensor holder 12 ^{is properly} up to the specified position by incorporating the brush unit 15, and the sensor holder 12 can be positioned, ~~and~~ as a result of this, the bad incorporation is eliminated and the dispersion in product quality ~~can be~~ reduced.

[0042] Furthermore, in the case of ~~this one~~ ^{this}, the circular-arc-like piece part 10a is formed on the ~~channel back side of~~ ^{on the cylindrical bottom side} the holder receiving part 10, and when the sensor holder 12 is incorporated in the holder receiving part 10, the terminal support part 12d is positioned on the upside of the circular-arc-like piece part 10a, that is, the upper side in the incorporating direction of the terminal unit 19, ~~and comes into contact with that, and~~ in this state, the terminal unit 19 is incorporated in the terminal support part 12d, ~~and~~ therefore, the load in the incorporating direction, which is produced at the time of incorporation, is received by the circular-arc-like piece part 10a which comes into contact with the terminal support part 12d, and it does not directly act on the terminal support part 12d, ~~and~~ as a result of this, it avoided ~~for~~ the incorporating load ^{may} to act on not only the sensor holder 12 but also the base plate 13, and the accuracy of the rotation detection can be raised. ^{the motor 1}

[0043] Furthermore, in the case of ~~this one~~ ^{this}, even if it is formed to have a horizontally mirror image structure of the motor 1, the shape of the engagement receiving part 10 needs not be made ^a horizontally mirror image. Therefore, the common part can be used.

and therefore, it becomes possible to deal with the sensor holder 12 only by forming one kind, ^{an} ~~and~~ the common member can be used to achieve ⁱⁿ the improvement of the quality control and to achieve ^a the low cost.

[0044] Furthermore, in the case of the ~~one of the present~~ embodiment, it is also possible to construct a motor with a specification which requires no position detecting mechanism of the motor, only by incorporating a brush unit 15 in the casing 6 without incorporating a sensor holder 12 therein, and it becomes possible to use the common member.

~~Industrial Applicability~~

[0045] Then, in the case of the ~~present~~ ^{thus} invention, by doing this, in ^a the motor with a rotation detecting device, the sensor holder composing the rotation detecting device is contained in the case body by being incorporated from the incorporating direction of the rotary shaft, and on the other hand, the connection between the external pull-out terminal unit and the connecting opening part is performed by engaging the engaging claw formed on the terminal holder, with the step-like engagement receiving part formed on the connecting opening part, ^{is} and therefore, a simple structure ^{can be} realized, and the number of parts ^{is} can be reduced in addition ^{to} that a water proof structure ^{is} is provided.

[0046] Furthermore, ^{because} since the incorporating load which is produced when incorporating the external pull-out terminal unit into the sensor holder is received by the circular-arc-like piece part of the holder receiving part, ^{is} it ^{can be} avoided ^{that} for the incorporating load ^{is} to act directly on the sensor holder to deform the sensor holder, which enable ^{to provide} ^s providing a rotation detecting device with a high accuracy.